Department of Health and Human Services Part 1. Overview Information

Participating Organization(s)

National Institutes of Health (<u>NIH (http://www.nih.gov</u>))

Components of Participating Organizations

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB (http://www.nibib.nih.gov))

National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (<u>NIAAA (http://www.niaaa.nih.gov</u>)) National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases (<u>NIAMS (http://www.niams.nih.gov</u>)) National Cancer Institute (<u>NCI (http://www.nci.nih.gov/)</u>) National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research (<u>NIDCR (http://www.nidcr.nih.gov</u>)) National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (<u>NIEHS (http://www.niehs.nih.gov</u>))

National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (<u>NINDS (http://www.ninds.nih.gov</u>)) National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (<u>NIAID</u>) (<u>https://www.niaid.nih.gov</u>))

National Institute on Aging (<u>NIA (http://www.nia.nih.gov</u>)) National Eye Institute (NEI) Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (<u>NICHD</u> (<u>http://www.nichd.nih.gov/</u>))

Funding Opportunity Title

Bioengineering Research Grants (BRG) (R01 Clinical Trial Not Allowed)

Activity Code

<u>R01 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/ac_search_results.htm?text_curr=r01&Search.x=0&Search.y=0&</u> <u>Search_Type=Activity</u>) Research Project Grant

Announcement Type

Reissue of PAR-18-206 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PAR-18-206.html)

Related Notices

- November 05, 2019 Notice of Special Interest (NOSI): Biophysical and Biomechanical Aspects of Embryonic Development (R01). See Notice <u>NOT-HD-19-037 (/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-HD-19-037.html)</u>.
- August 23, 2019 Clarifying Competing Application Instructions and Notice of Publication of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) Regarding Proposed Human Fetal Tissue Research. See Notice <u>NOT-OD-19-137 (/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-19-137.html)</u>.
- July 26, 2019 Changes to NIH Requirements Regarding Proposed Human Fetal Tissue Research. See Notice <u>NOT-OD-19-128 (/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-19-128.html)</u>.
- March 28, 2019 Notice of NICHD's Participation in PAR-19-158 . See Notice <u>NOT-HD-19-009 (/grants</u> /guide/notice-files/NOT-HD-19-009.html).
- March 5, 2019 Notice of NEI Participation in PAR-19-158. See Notice NOT-EY-19-014 (/grants/guide

/notice-files/NOT-EY-19-014.html).

- January 9, 2019 Notice of NIAID's Participation in PAR-19-158. See Notice <u>NOT-AI-19-031 (/grants /guide/notice-files/NOT-AI-19-031.html)</u>.
- NOT-EB-18-026 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-EB-18-026.html)

Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Number

PAR-19-158

Companion Funding Opportunity

PAR-19-159 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/par-19-159.html), R01 (//grants.nih.gov/grants /funding/ac_search_results.htm?text_curr=r01&Search.x=0&Search_y=0&Search_Type=Activity) Research Project Grant

Number of Applications

See Section III. 3. Additional Information on Eligibility.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number(s)

93.286; 93.399; 93.396; 93.395; 93.394; 93.393; 93.121; 93.853; 93.113; 93.866; 93.273; 93.846, 93.855, 93.867, 93.865

Funding Opportunity Purpose

The purpose of this funding opportunity announcement is to encourage collaborations between the life and physical sciences that: 1) apply a multidisciplinary bioengineering approach to the solution of a biomedical problem; and 2) integrate, optimize, validate, translate or otherwise accelerate the adoption of promising tools, methods and techniques for a specific research or clinical problem in basic, translational, or clinical science and practice. An application may propose design-directed, developmental, discovery-driven, or hypothesis-driven research and is appropriate for small teams applying an integrative approach to increase our understanding of and solve problems in biological, clinical or translational science.

Key Dates

Posted Date January 8, 2019

Open Date (Earliest Submission Date) January 8, 2019

Letter of Intent Due Date(s)

None

Application Due Date(s)

<u>Standard dates (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11111)</u> apply , by 5:00 PM local time of applicant organization. All <u>types of non-AIDS applications</u> allowed for this funding opportunity announcement are due on these dates.

Applicants are encouraged to apply early to allow adequate time to make any corrections to errors found in the application during the submission process by the due date.

AIDS Application Due Date(s)

<u>Standard AIDS dates (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11112)</u> apply by 5:00 PM local time of applicant organization. All types of AIDS applications allowed for this funding opportunity announcement are due on these dates.

The first AIDS application due date for this FOA is May 7, 2019.

Applicants are encouraged to apply early to allow adequate time to make any corrections to errors found in the application during the submission process by the due date.

Scientific Merit Review

<u>Standard dates (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11113) (http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/funding /submissionschedule.htm#reviewandaward)</u> apply

Advisory Council Review

<u>Standard dates (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11113) (http://grants1.nih.gov/grants/funding /submissionschedule.htm#reviewandaward)</u> apply

Earliest Start Date

Standard dates (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11113) apply

Expiration Date

January 8, 2022

Due Dates for E.O. 12372

Not Applicable

Required Application Instructions

It is critical that applicants follow the Research (R) Instructions in the <u>SF424 (R&R) Application Guide</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=12000), except where instructed to do otherwise (in this FOA or in a Notice from the <u>NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/</u>)). Conformance to all requirements (both in the Application Guide and the FOA) is required and strictly enforced. Applicants must read and follow all application instructions in the Application Guide as well as any program-specific instructions noted in <u>Section IV</u>. When the program-specific instructions deviate from those in the Application Guide, follow the program-specific instructions. **Applications that do not comply with these instructions may be delayed or not accepted for review.**

There are several options available to submit your application through Grants.gov to NIH and Department of Health and Human Services partners. You **must** use one of these submission options to access the application

forms for this opportunity.

1. Use the NIH ASSIST system to prepare, submit and track your application online.

Apply Online Using ASSIST

- 2. Use an institutional system-to-system (S2S) solution to prepare and submit your application to Grants.gov and <u>eRA Commons (http://public.era.nih.gov/commons/)</u> to track your application. Check with your institutional officials regarding availability.
- 3. Use <u>Grants.gov (http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/download-application-package.html#search=true&oppNum=PAR-19-158)</u> Workspace to prepare and submit your application and <u>eRA Commons (http://public.era.nih.gov/commons/)</u> to track your application.

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Part 2. Full Text of Announcement Section I. Funding Opportunity Description

Purpose

The goal for a bioengineering research grant (BRG) is to foster the development of an innovative technology, model, technique, design, or method that has the potential for significant impact on biomedical research by infusing principles and concepts from the quantitative sciences.

The purpose of this FOA is to encourage BRG applications that: 1) apply a multidisciplinary approach to the solution of a biomedical problem; and 2) integrate, optimize, validate, translate or otherwise accelerate the adoption of promising tools, methods and techniques for a specific research or clinical problem in basic, translational, or clinical science and practice. A BRG application may propose design-directed, developmental, discovery-driven, or hypothesis-driven research and is appropriate for small teams applying an integrative approach to increase our understanding of and solve problems in biological, clinical or translational science.

Research Objectives

Many major biomedical research problems are best addressed with a multidisciplinary approach that bridges the life and physical sciences. Principles and techniques in quantitative sciences such as physics, mathematics, chemistry, computer sciences, and engineering are increasingly applied to good effect in biomedical research. Bioengineering approaches integrate principles from diverse technical and biomedical fields, and the resulting multi-disciplinary research provides new understanding, innovative technologies, and new products that improve basic knowledge, human health, and quality of life. This FOA seeks to encourage collaborations of quantitative and physical scientists with biomedical

researchers to catalyze the development of innovative bioengineering approaches to the solution of important problems in biomedical research, clinical investigations, and medical practice.

Significant projects may include, but are not limited to: validation and translation of promising tools for prevention, monitoring or intervention; development of quantitative, predictive models of complex biological systems; integration and optimization of technologies that significantly increase sensitivity, specificity, positive predictive value, negative predictive value, efficiency, or throughput of measurements to address unsolved biological or medical questions; or engineering and testing of delivery systems, tissues, therapeutics, implants, and prosthetics that may improve treatment and healthcare.

Innovation in this biomedical engineering FOA has a broad definition that includes development of new methods, ideas, or tools, integration of existing components into new combinations that deliver greater capabilities, new efficiencies, and/or greater effects. Overall impact of these advances may include reducing disparities in care, promoting wellness and independent living, increasing access to and utility of technologies to improve quality of life, reducing cost and complexity of procedures, and increasing throughput, sensitivity and specificity of diagnostic tests.

A project must clearly serve the mission of one or more of the NIH Institutes or Centers participating in this FOA. Investigators are encouraged to contact the designated <u>Scientific/Research contacts</u> (<u>https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PAR-13-137.html#_Scientific/Research_Contact(s)</u>) for individual institute focus areas that will be supported. Applicants who seek to establish proof-of-concept are encouraged to respond to the Exploratory Bioengineering Research Grant (EBRG) FOA [<u>https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-18-286.html)]. Large team projects with a specific goal that can be addressed in 5-10 years are encouraged to respond to the Bioengineering Research Partnership (BRP) FOA [<u>https://grants.nih.gov</u>/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov/grants.nih.gov]].</u>

IC-Specific Interests

<u>NIDCR (http://www.nidcr.nih.gov)</u>: Within the goals of this FOA, NIDCR is interested in translational research applications that take advantage of multidisciplinary and interdisciplinary biological and bioengineering approaches to advance the regeneration of biocompatible individual and composite dental, oral and craniofacial (DOC) tissues that can maintain long-term tissue architecture, anatomical structure, viability and functional inter-tissue interfaces as well as can integrate with native tissues of the host. The composite tissues of interest include but are not limited to: vascularized bone and skeletal muscle, periodontal complex, and osteochondral complex. NIDCR is also interested in applications that propose strategies for inducing and optimizing endogenous regeneration of DOC tissues. Further, the NIDCR is interested in supporting transformative engineering solutions that accelerate technical development and clinical translation of intraoral biodevices, including oral biosensors, dental biomaterials, advanced imaging and computational strategies intended for detection, diagnosis and treatment of DOC diseases. NIDCR will not accept clinical trial applications through this FOA.

The mission of the <u>NIEHS (https://www.niehs.nih.gov/index.cfm)</u> is to discover the role of environmental influences in order to promote healthier lives. For the purposes of this FOA, NIEHS has particular interest in exploration of bioengineering concepts and biomaterials, stem cells, iPSCs, and Tissue Chip technologies that can lead to preventive strategies. Illustrative projects include, but are not limited to: technologies leading to identification and monitoring of early biomarkers for health and disease; high-throughput assays to determine genome integrity or DNA repair capacity in individuals and human populations; systems such as Tissue Chips that allow improved measure of the effects of chemical exposure or stressors on stem cells; in vivo or in situ tools that act as reporters of exposure – response in living organisms and can be applied to people; tools to improve determination of exposure – response and clarify the resulting short or long term physiological consequences.

The mission of the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (<u>NIAAA</u> (<u>https://www.niaaa.nih.gov/</u>)) is to conduct and support biomedical and behavioral research with respect to the prevention of alcohol abuse and the treatment of alcoholism and alcohol related health effects. Development of research or clinical tools that advance the understanding of fundamental cell and molecular biological mechanism of the deleterious effects of alcohol is encouraged. Of particular interest is the development of a discreet, accurate, wearable alcohol biosensor to support NIAAA's mission in the arenas of research, treatment, and rehabilitation.

<u>NIAMS (http://www.niams.nih.gov)</u>: In addition to mission-relevant R01 projects, the National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases would specifically like to stimulate and promote research in building complex 3-dimensional in vitro human musculoskeletal and skin tissue models to study developmental biology, physiology, and disease pathogenesis of musculoskeletal tissues and skin as well as for drug discovery and toxicity studies. NIAMS is not interested in applications that are developing 3D tissues for transplantation, or engineering non-human tissue models, or developing simple 3-D models that do not go significantly beyond those currently in use, such as human skin equivalents composed of only normal keratinocytes and fibroblasts.

National Institute on Aging (<u>NIA (https://www.nia.nih.gov/</u>)):

NIA is interested in applying bioengineering approaches to studies of brain aging and Alzheimer's Disease and AD-Related Dementias (AD/ADRD). As described in the AD/ADRD Research Implementation Milestones based on recommendations from the NIH AD/ADRD Research Summits, NIA is interested in supporting research aimed at enabling technologies and AD/ADRD monitoring. This includes studies of wearable technologies, high frequency data capture platforms to enable continuous monitoring of research participants, and technologies for monitoring individuals at all stages of AD/ADRD progression. NIA is also interested in supporting research on standardized diagnostic screening of MCI and dementia, practical applications of innovative technologies to support people living with AD/ADRD (telemedicine GPS, robotics, and social networking), biosensors and prosthetic devices to aid age-related cognitive decline, new technologies for sleep disorders in older persons, improved imaging technology to visualize neural activity during cognitive behavior in older adults, and development of high-throughput measuring and monitoring of neural function in 3D or organoid cultures of human brain cells.

NIA is also interested in potential applications of imaging technologies to the biology of aging. Specifically, NIA seeks to promote imaging of any of the pillars or hallmarks of aging which include protein homeostasis, nuclear and DNA integrity, metabolism and mitochondrial quality control, cellular senescence, autophagy and cell death, and other major hallmarks as described in the literature. More specifically, NIA is interested in applications that compare unperturbed to altered aging, where the former is represented by the unaltered common laboratory animal in with standard animal husbandry, and the later may include any of the numerous pharmacological, genetic, dietary and exercise interventions or other experimental paradigms that alter the apparent rate of aging (measured by lifespan or healthspan or aging phenotypes (such as repair-after-injury, resilience, aging-dependent changes in cellular composition or cellular integration in organs, etc.). This may also be considered in the context of human populations, where possible, with a special interest in health disparities, comparisons among groups within the human population covering a range of multi-morbidities, the known progeroid syndromes or existing well-controlled study cohorts where there are rigorous data on health and behaviors. NIA is also interested in the application of imaging of aging to test whether shortterm manipulations can be effective surrogates for longer-term studies of aging (e.g., acute versus chronic low-level stressors).

NIAID (<u>NIAID (https://www.niaid.nih.gov/</u>)):

NIAID: Within the goals of this FOA, NIAID is particularly interested in the following areas:

 Quantitative, predictive models of complex interactions of the immune system during development; in response to pathogens or vaccines; during the initiation, development and/or progression of immune-mediated diseases (i.e., allergy, asthma, autoimmune disease, solid organ or pancreatic islet beta cell transplant rejection); and/or for early stage development of interventions for immune-mediated diseases.

- Novel bioengineering approaches, including imaging, for analysis of immune cell phenotype and function in response to infectious and/or immune-mediated diseases in target organs and tissues; for delivery of immunomodulatory agents, adjuvants, or antigens; or development and/or characterization of novel biomaterials with immunostimulatory/adjuvant properties.
- Biodosimetry biomarkers, technologies and devices to inform triage and treatment strategies of large populations following a radiological or nuclear incident.
- Home-based, self-administered tests for detection of HIV in the acute phase of infection.
- Simple and accurate assay to quantify the persistent HIV reservoir.
- In vitro tissue models for infectious diseases that mimic human biological structures, recapitulate pathophysiology, and incorporate components critical to pathogenesis and host response; these models could be simple enough for use in basic science or sufficiently robust for use in preclinical studies of candidate therapeutics or vaccines.
- Multiplex integrated sample-to-answer platforms to rapidly diagnose infectious diseases and identify the causative pathogen and its drug sensitivities.

National Eye Institute (NEI) NEI: The National Eye Institute (NEI) supports a broad range of basic and clinical research, clinical trials, epidemiologic studies related to health and disease in the eye and visual system. Research proposed should address a significant aspect of the leading causes of blindness and impaired vision, mechanisms of visual function, preservation of sight, or the special health problems and requirements of the blind.

See Section VIII. Other Information for award authorities and regulations.

Section II. Award Information

Funding Instrument

Grant: A support mechanism providing money, property, or both to an eligible entity to carry out an approved project or activity.

Application Types Allowed

New Renewal Resubmission Revision

The <u>OER Glossary (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11116)</u> and the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide provide details on these application types.

Clinical Trial?

Not Allowed: Only accepting applications that do not propose clinical trials

<u>Need help determining whether you are doing a clinical trial? (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=82370)</u>

Funds Available and Anticipated Number of Awards

The number of awards is contingent upon NIH appropriations and the submission of a sufficient number of meritorious applications.

Award Budget

Application budgets are not limited but need to reflect the actual needs of the proposed project.

Award Project Period

The scope of the proposed project should determine the project period. The maximum award period is 5 years depending on the policy of each NIH Institute. Applicants are encouraged to review the current funding policy of each NIH Institute.

NIH grants policies as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide</u> /<u>url_redirect.htm?id=11120</u>) will apply to the applications submitted and awards made from this FOA.

Section III. Eligibility Information

1. Eligible Applicants

Eligible Organizations

Higher Education Institutions

- Public/State Controlled Institutions of Higher Education
- Private Institutions of Higher Education

The following types of Higher Education Institutions are always encouraged to apply for NIH support as Public or Private Institutions of Higher Education:

- o Hispanic-serving Institutions
- o Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs)
- o Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities (TCCUs)
- o Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian Serving Institutions
- o Asian American Native American Pacific Islander Serving Institutions (AANAPISIs)

Nonprofits Other Than Institutions of Higher Education

Nonprofits with 501(c)(3) IRS Status (Other than Institutions of Higher Education)

Nonprofits without 501(c)(3) IRS Status (Other than Institutions of Higher Education)
For-Profit Organizations

- Small Businesses
- For-Profit Organizations (Other than Small Businesses)

Governments

- State Governments
- County Governments
- City or Township Governments
- Special District Governments
- Indian/Native American Tribal Governments (Federally Recognized)
- Indian/Native American Tribal Governments (Other than Federally Recognized)
- Eligible Agencies of the Federal Government
- $\circ\,$ U.S. Territory or Possession

Other

- Independent School Districts
- Public Housing Authorities/Indian Housing Authorities
- o Native American Tribal Organizations (other than Federally recognized tribal governments)

- Faith-based or Community-based Organizations
- Regional Organizations
- Non-domestic (non-U.S.) Entities (Foreign Institutions)

Foreign Institutions

Non-domestic (non-U.S.) Entities (Foreign Institutions) **are** eligible to apply. Non-domestic (non-U.S.) components of U.S. Organizations **are** eligible to apply. Foreign components, as <u>defined in the *NIH Grants Policy Statement* (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11118)</u>, **are** allowed.

Required Registrations

Applicant Organizations

Applicant organizations must complete and maintain the following registrations as described in the SF 424 (R&R) Application Guide to be eligible to apply for or receive an award. All registrations must be completed prior to the application being submitted. Registration can take 6 weeks or more, so applicants should begin the registration process as soon as possible. The <u>NIH Policy on Late Submission of Grant</u> <u>Applications (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-15-039.html)</u> states that failure to complete registrations in advance of a due date is not a valid reason for a late submission.

- Dun and Bradstreet Universal Numbering System (DUNS) (http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform) All registrations require that applicants be issued a DUNS number. After obtaining a DUNS number, applicants can begin both SAM and eRA Commons registrations. The same DUNS number must be used for all registrations, as well as on the grant application.
- System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov/portal/public/SAM/)– Applicants must complete and maintain an active registration, which requires renewal at least annually. The renewal process may require as much time as the initial registration. SAM registration includes the assignment of a Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code for domestic organizations which have not already been assigned a CAGE Code.
 - <u>NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE) Code (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide</u> <u>/url_redirect.htm?id=11176)</u> – Foreign organizations must obtain an NCAGE code (in lieu of a CAGE code) in order to register in SAM.
- <u>eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11123)</u> Applicants must have an active DUNS number to register in eRA Commons. Organizations can register with the eRA Commons as they are working through their SAM or Grants.gov registration, but all registrations must be in place by time of submission. eRA Commons requires organizations to identify at least one Signing Official (SO) and at least one Program Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI) account in order to submit an application.
- <u>Grants.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82300)</u> Applicants must have an active DUNS number and SAM registration in order to complete the Grants.gov registration.

Program Directors/Principal Investigators (PD(s)/PI(s))

All PD(s)/PI(s) must have an eRA Commons account. PD(s)/PI(s) should work with their organizational officials to either create a new account or to affiliate their existing account with the applicant organization in eRA Commons. If the PD/PI is also the organizational Signing Official, they must have two distinct eRA Commons accounts, one for each role. Obtaining an eRA Commons account can take up to 2 weeks.

Eligible Individuals (Program Director/Principal Investigator)

Any individual(s) with the skills, knowledge, and resources necessary to carry out the proposed research as the Program Director(s)/Principal Investigator(s) (PD(s)/PI(s)) is invited to work with his/her organization to develop an application for support. Individuals from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups as well as individuals with disabilities are always encouraged to apply for NIH support.

For institutions/organizations proposing multiple PDs/PIs, visit the Multiple Program Director/Principal Investigator Policy and submission details in the Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded) Component of

the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

2. Cost Sharing

This FOA does not require cost sharing as defined in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement. (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11126)

3. Additional Information on Eligibility

Number of Applications

Applicant organizations may submit more than one application, provided that each application is scientifically distinct.

The NIH will not accept duplicate or highly overlapping applications under review at the same time. This means that the NIH will not accept:

- A new (A0) application that is submitted before issuance of the summary statement from the review of an overlapping new (A0) or resubmission (A1) application.
- A resubmission (A1) application that is submitted before issuance of the summary statement from the review of the previous new (A0) application.
- An application that has substantial overlap with another application pending appeal of initial peer review (see <u>NOT-OD-11-101 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-11-101.html</u>)).

Section IV. Application and Submission Information 1. Requesting an Application Package

The application forms package specific to this opportunity must be accessed through ASSIST, Grants.gov Workspace or an institutional system-to-system solution. Links to apply using ASSIST or Grants.gov Workspace are available in <u>Part 1</u> of this FOA. See your administrative office for instructions if you plan to use an institutional system-to-system solution.

2. Content and Form of Application Submission

It is critical that applicants follow the Research (R) Instructions in the <u>SF424 (R&R) Application Guide</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=12000), except where instructed in this funding opportunity announcement to do otherwise. Conformance to the requirements in the Application Guide is required and strictly enforced. Applications that are out of compliance with these instructions may be delayed or not accepted for review.

Page Limitations

All page limitations described in the SF424 Application Guide and the <u>Table of Page Limits</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11133) must be followed.

Instructions for Application Submission

The following section supplements the instructions found in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide and should be used for preparing an application to this FOA.

SF424(R&R) Cover

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Project/Performance Site Locations

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Other Project Information

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Senior/Key Person Profile

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

R&R or Modular Budget

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

R&R Subaward Budget

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

PHS 398 Cover Page Supplement

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

PHS 398 Research Plan

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed, with the following additional instructions:

Research Strategy: The Research Strategy should clearly address the purpose of this FOA and indicate:

How the technology developments being proposed address unmet need or unaddressed problem in human health, decrease in disparities or increase access to care;

How the proposed approach will use the concepts from engineering, physical science, computational or other multidisciplinary methods to address the biomedical problem identified in the application;

A coherent plan to advance the solution, which may include a long term intent to translate, disseminate or otherwise promote adoption and use by potential end users;

Investigative team capabilities that show sufficient depth and breadth of the multiple disciplines necessary to complete the project;

How the proposed project addresses a significant biomedical research problem by the development, optimization, and validation of new quantitative methods, technologies, tools, or integration of existing components into new combinations leading to new capabilities;

Methodologies involving feasible engineering, computational and physical scientific methods appropriately integrated into the research strategy with quantitative metrics at key steps for performance evaluations in relevant biological systems;

Quantitative benchmarks for success; and

Anticipated risks and limitations.

Resource Sharing Plan: Individuals are required to comply with the instructions for the Resource Sharing Plans as provided in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide, with the following modification:

 All applications, regardless of the amount of direct costs requested for any one year, should address a Data Sharing Plan.

Appendix:

Only limited Appendix materials are allowed. Follow all instructions for the Appendix as described in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information

When involving NIH-defined human subjects research, clinical research, and/or clinical trials (and when applicable, clinical trials research experience) follow all instructions for the PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information form in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide, with the following additional instructions:

If you answered "Yes" to the question "Are Human Subjects Involved?" on the R&R Other Project Information form, you must include at least one human subjects study record using the **Study Record**:

PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information form or Delayed Onset Study record.

Study Record: PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed

Delayed Onset Study

Note: <u>Delayed onset (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/glossary.htm#DelayedOnsetHumanSubjectStudy)</u> does NOT apply to a study that can be described but will not start immediately (i.e., delayed start).

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed

PHS Assignment Request Form

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

Foreign Institutions

Foreign (non-U.S.) institutions must follow policies described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (<u>//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11137</u>)</u>, and procedures for foreign institutions.

3. Unique Entity Identifier and System for Award Management (SAM)

See Part 1. Section III.1 for information regarding the requirement for obtaining a unique entity identifier and for completing and maintaining active registrations in System for Award Management (SAM), NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE) Code (if applicable), eRA Commons, and Grants.gov

4. Submission Dates and Times

<u>Part I. Overview Information</u> contains information about Key Dates and times. Applicants are encouraged to submit applications before the due date to ensure they have time to make any application corrections that might be necessary for successful submission. When a submission date falls on a weekend or <u>Federal holiday (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82380</u>), the application deadline is automatically extended to the next business day.

Organizations must submit applications to Grants.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide

<u>/url_redirect.htm?id=11128</u>) (the online portal to find and apply for grants across all Federal agencies). Applicants must then complete the submission process by tracking the status of the application in the <u>eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11123</u>), NIH's electronic system for grants administration. NIH and Grants.gov systems check the application against many of the application instructions upon submission. Errors must be corrected and a changed/corrected application must be submitted to Grants.gov on or before the application due date and time. If a Changed/Corrected application is submitted after the deadline, the application will be considered late. Applications that miss the due date and time are subjected to the NIH Policy on Late Application Submission.

Applicants are responsible for viewing their application before the due date in the eRA Commons to ensure accurate and successful submission.

Information on the submission process and a definition of on-time submission are provided in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

5. Intergovernmental Review (E.O. 12372)

This initiative is not subject to intergovernmental review. (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11142)

6. Funding Restrictions

All NIH awards are subject to the terms and conditions, cost principles, and other considerations described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120)</u>.

Pre-award costs are allowable only as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11143).

7. Other Submission Requirements and Information

Applications must be submitted electronically following the instructions described in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide. Paper applications will not be accepted.

Applicants must complete all required registrations before the application due date. <u>Section III.</u> <u>Eligibility Information</u> contains information about registration.

For assistance with your electronic application or for more information on the electronic submission process, visit <u>How to Apply – Application Guide (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide.html</u>). If you encounter a system issue beyond your control that threatens your ability to complete the submission process on-time, you must follow the <u>Dealing with System Issues (https://grants.nih.gov</u>/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide/due-dates-and-submission-policies/dealing-with-system-issues.htm) guidance. For assistance with application submission, contact the Application Submission Contacts in <u>Section VII</u>.

Important reminders:

All PD(s)/PI(s) must include their eRA Commons ID in the Credential field of the Senior/Key Person Profile Component of the SF424(R&R) Application Package. Failure to register in the Commons and to include a valid PD/PI Commons ID in the credential field will prevent the successful submission of an electronic application to NIH. See <u>Section III</u> of this FOA for information on registration requirements.

The applicant organization must ensure that the DUNS number it provides on the application is the same number used in the organization's profile in the eRA Commons and for the System for Award Management. Additional information may be found in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

See more tips (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11146) for avoiding common errors.

Upon receipt, applications will be evaluated for completeness and compliance with application instructions by the Center for Scientific Review, NIH. Applications that are incomplete or non-compliant will not be reviewed.

Requests of \$500,000 or more for direct costs in any year

Applicants requesting \$500,000 or more in direct costs in any year (excluding consortium F&A) must contact a <u>Scientific/Research Contact</u> at least 6 weeks before submitting the application and follow the Policy on the Acceptance for Review of Unsolicited Applications that Request \$500,000 or More in Direct Costs as described in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

Post Submission Materials

Applicants are required to follow the instructions for post-submission materials, as described in <u>Post</u> <u>Submission Application Materials (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide/duedates-and-submission-policies/submission-policies.htm#psam)</u> policy. Any instructions provided here are in addition to the instructions in the policy.

Section V. Application Review Information

1. Criteria

Only the review criteria described below will be considered in the review process.

Applications submitted to the NIH in support of the NIH mission (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide

<u>/url_redirect.htm?id=11149</u>) are evaluated for scientific and technical merit through the NIH peer review system.

Overall Impact

Reviewers will provide an overall impact score to reflect their assessment of the likelihood for the project to exert a sustained, powerful influence on the research field(s) involved, in consideration of the following review criteria and additional review criteria (as applicable for the project proposed).

Scored Review Criteria

Reviewers will consider each of the review criteria below in the determination of scientific merit, and give a separate score for each. An application does not need to be strong in all categories to be judged likely to have major scientific impact. For example, a project that by its nature is not innovative may be essential to advance a field.

Significance

Does the project address an important problem or a critical barrier to progress in the field? Is the prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project rigorous? If the aims of the project are achieved, how will scientific knowledge, technical capability, and/or clinical practice be improved? How will successful completion of the aims change the concepts, methods, technologies, treatments, services, or preventative interventions that drive this field?

Will the advance proposed improve human health, decrease disparities or increase access? Will this work use concepts from the computational and physical sciences to advance biomedical research and generate resources that would be widely used? Does this work address an important unmet need or solve an unaddressed problem? Are there plans for active dissemination of tools and technologies to promote widespread adoption and use by potential end users?

Investigator(s)

Are the PD(s)/PI(s), collaborators, and other researchers well suited to the project? If Early Stage Investigators or those in the early stages of independent careers, do they have appropriate experience and training? If established, have they demonstrated an ongoing record of accomplishments that have advanced their field(s)? If the project is collaborative or multi-PD/PI, do the investigators have complementary and integrated expertise; are their leadership approach, governance and organizational structure appropriate for the project?

Do the investigators have the experience and range of engineering and technical skills necessary to complete the proposed work? Does the team have experience developing and validating quantitative tools and technologies using bioengineering approaches?

Innovation

Does the application challenge and seek to shift current research or clinical practice paradigms by utilizing novel theoretical concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions? Are the concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions novel to one field of research or novel in a broad sense? Is a refinement, improvement, or new application of theoretical concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions proposed?

Does the proposed project address a significant biomedical research problem by the development, optimization, and validation of new quantitative methods, technologies, or tools? Will the proposed integration of existing components into a new combination lead to a new capability?

Approach

Are the overall strategy, methodology, and analyses well-reasoned and appropriate to accomplish the specific aims of the project? Have the investigators included plans to address weaknesses in the rigor of prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project? Have the investigators presented strategies to ensure a robust and unbiased approach, as appropriate for the work proposed? Are potential problems, alternative strategies, and benchmarks for success presented? If the project is in the early stages of development, will the strategy establish feasibility and will particularly risky aspects be managed? Have the investigators presented adequate plans to address relevant biological variables, such as sex, for studies in vertebrate animals or human subjects?

Are the engineering, computational and physical science approaches proposed appropriate and integrated into the research strategy? Are there quantitative metrics for evaluating the performance of new tools and technologies in relevant biological systems? Has feasibility already been established for the technologies involved?

If the project involves human subjects and/or NIH-defined clinical research, are the plans to address

1) the protection of human subjects from research risks, and

2) inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals on the basis of sex/gender, race, and ethnicity, as well as the inclusion or exclusion of individuals of all ages (including children and older adults), justified in terms of the scientific goals and research strategy proposed?

Environment

Will the scientific environment in which the work will be done contribute to the probability of success? Are the institutional support, equipment and other physical resources available to the investigators adequate for the project proposed? Will the project benefit from unique features of the scientific environment, subject populations, or collaborative arrangements?

Does the application describe resources and arrangements that will promote a multidisciplinary approach?

Additional Review Criteria

As applicable for the project proposed, reviewers will evaluate the following additional items while determining scientific and technical merit, and in providing an overall impact score, but will not give separate scores for these items.

Protections for Human Subjects

For research that involves human subjects but does not involve one of the categories of research that are exempt under 45 CFR Part 46, the committee will evaluate the justification for involvement of human subjects and the proposed protections from research risk relating to their participation according to the following five review criteria: 1) risk to subjects, 2) adequacy of protection against risks, 3) potential benefits to the subjects and others, 4) importance of the knowledge to be gained, and 5) data and safety monitoring for clinical trials.

For research that involves human subjects and meets the criteria for one or more of the categories of research that are exempt under 45 CFR Part 46, the committee will evaluate: 1) the justification for the exemption, 2) human subjects involvement and characteristics, and 3) sources of materials. For additional information on review of the Human Subjects section, please refer to the <u>Guidelines</u> for the Review of Human Subjects (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11175).

Inclusion of Women, Minorities, and Individuals Across the Lifespan

When the proposed project involves human subjects and/or NIH-defined clinical research, the committee will evaluate the proposed plans for the inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals on the basis of sex/gender, race, and ethnicity, as well as the inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals of all ages (including children and older adults) to determine if it is justified in terms of the scientific goals and research strategy proposed. For additional information on review of the Inclusion section, please refer to the <u>Guidelines for the Review of Inclusion in Clinical Research (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11174).

Vertebrate Animals

The committee will evaluate the involvement of live vertebrate animals as part of the scientific assessment according to the following criteria: (1) description of proposed procedures involving animals, including species, strains, ages, sex, and total number to be used; (2) justifications for the use of animals versus alternative models and for the appropriateness of the species proposed; (3) interventions to minimize discomfort, distress, pain and injury; and (4) justification for euthanasia method if NOT consistent with the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals. Reviewers will assess the use of chimpanzees as they would any other application proposing the use of vertebrate animals. For additional information on review of the Vertebrate Animals section, please refer to the Worksheet for Review of the Vertebrate Animal Section (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11150).

Biohazards

Reviewers will assess whether materials or procedures proposed are potentially hazardous to research personnel and/or the environment, and if needed, determine whether adequate protection is proposed.

Resubmissions

For Resubmissions, the committee will evaluate the application as now presented, taking into consideration the responses to comments from the previous scientific review group and changes made to the project.

Renewals

For Renewals, the committee will consider the progress made in the last funding period.

Revisions

For Revisions, the committee will consider the appropriateness of the proposed expansion of the scope of the project. If the Revision application relates to a specific line of investigation presented in the original application that was not recommended for approval by the committee, then the committee will consider whether the responses to comments from the previous scientific review group are adequate and whether substantial changes are clearly evident.

Additional Review Considerations

As applicable for the project proposed, reviewers will consider each of the following items, but will not give scores for these items, and should not consider them in providing an overall impact score.

Applications from Foreign Organizations

Reviewers will assess whether the project presents special opportunities for furthering research programs through the use of unusual talent, resources, populations, or environmental conditions that exist in other countries and either are not readily available in the United States or augment existing U.S. resources.

Select Agent Research

Reviewers will assess the information provided in this section of the application, including 1) the Select Agent(s) to be used in the proposed research, 2) the registration status of all entities where Select Agent(s) will be used, 3) the procedures that will be used to monitor possession use and transfer of Select Agent(s), and 4) plans for appropriate biosafety, biocontainment, and security of the Select Agent(s).

Resource Sharing Plans

Reviewers will comment on whether the following Resource Sharing Plans, or the rationale for not sharing the following types of resources, are reasonable: (1) <u>Data Sharing Plan (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11151); (2) <u>Sharing Model Organisms (//grants.nih.gov/grants</u> /guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11152); and (3) <u>Genomic Data Sharing Plan (GDS) (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11153).

Authentication of Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources:

For projects involving key biological and/or chemical resources, reviewers will comment on the brief plans proposed for identifying and ensuring the validity of those resources.

Budget and Period of Support

Reviewers will consider whether the budget and the requested period of support are fully justified and reasonable in relation to the proposed research.

2. Review and Selection Process

Applications will be evaluated for scientific and technical merit by (an) appropriate Scientific Review Group(s) convened by Center for Scientific Review, in accordance with <u>NIH peer review policy and</u> <u>procedures (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11154)</u>, using the stated <u>review criteria</u>. Assignment to a Scientific Review Group will be shown in the eRA Commons.

As part of the scientific peer review, all applications:

- May undergo a selection process in which only those applications deemed to have the highest scientific and technical merit (generally the top half of applications under review) will be discussed and assigned an overall impact score.
- Will receive a written critique.

Applications will be assigned on the basis of established PHS referral guidelines to the appropriate NIH Institute or Center. Applications will compete for available funds with all other recommended applications . Following initial peer review, recommended applications will receive a second level of review by the appropriate national Advisory Council or Board. The following will be considered in making funding decisions:

- Scientific and technical merit of the proposed project as determined by scientific peer review.
- Availability of funds.
- Relevance of the proposed project to program priorities.

3. Anticipated Announcement and Award Dates

After the peer review of the application is completed, the PD/PI will be able to access his or her Summary Statement (written critique) via the <u>eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide</u> /<u>url_redirect.htm?id=11123</u>). Refer to Part 1 for dates for peer review, advisory council review, and earliest start date.

Information regarding the disposition of applications is available in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (<u>//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11156</u>).

Section VI. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices

If the application is under consideration for funding, NIH will request "just-in-time" information from the applicant as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide</u> /<u>url_redirect.htm?id=11157</u>).

A formal notification in the form of a Notice of Award (NoA) will be provided to the applicant organization for successful applications. The NoA signed by the grants management officer is the authorizing document and will be sent via email to the grantee's business official.

Awardees must comply with any funding restrictions described in <u>Section IV.5. Funding Restrictions</u>. Selection of an application for award is not an authorization to begin performance. Any costs incurred before receipt of the NoA are at the recipient's risk. These costs may be reimbursed only to the extent considered allowable pre-award costs.

Any application awarded in response to this FOA will be subject to terms and conditions found on the

<u>Award Conditions and Information for NIH Grants (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide</u> <u>/url_redirect.htm?id=11158)</u> website. This includes any recent legislation and policy applicable to awards that is highlighted on this website.

Investigational New Drug or Investigational Device Exemption Requirements: Consistent with federal regulations, clinical research projects involving the use of investigational therapeutics, vaccines, or other medical interventions (including licensed products and devices for a purpose other than that for which they were licensed) in humans under a research protocol must be performed under a Food and Drug Administration (FDA) investigational new drug (IND) or investigational device exemption (IDE).

2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

All NIH grant and cooperative agreement awards include the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (<u>//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120</u>)</u> as part of the NoA. For these terms of award, see the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement Part II: Terms and Conditions of NIH Grant Awards, Subpart A:</u> <u>General (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11157</u>) and Part II: Terms and Conditions of NIH Grant Awards, Subpart B: Terms and Conditions for Specific Types of Grants, Grantees, and Activities (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11159). More information is provided at Award Conditions and Information for NIH Grants (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11159)</u>.

Recipients of federal financial assistance (FFA) from HHS must administer their programs in compliance with federal civil rights law. This means that recipients of HHS funds must ensure equal access to their programs without regard to a person's race, color, national origin, disability, age and, in some circumstances, sex and religion. This includes ensuring your programs are accessible to persons with limited English proficiency. HHS recognizes that research projects are often limited in scope for many reasons that are nondiscriminatory, such as the principal investigator's scientific interest, funding limitations, recruitment requirements, and other considerations. Thus, criteria in research protocols that target or exclude certain populations are warranted where nondiscriminatory justifications establish that such criteria are appropriate with respect to the health or safety of the subjects, the scientific study design, or the purpose of the research.

For additional guidance regarding how the provisions apply to NIH grant programs, please contact the Scientific/Research Contact that is identified in Section VII under Agency Contacts of this FOA. HHS provides general guidance to recipients of FFA on meeting their legal obligation to take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to their programs by persons with limited English proficiency. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html). The HHS Office for Civil Rights also provides guidance on complying with civil rights laws enforced by HHS. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/section-1557/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov /civil-rights/for-individuals/section-1557/index.html); and https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers /laws-regulations-guidance/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers/laws-regulationsguidance/index.html). Recipients of FFA also have specific legal obligations for serving qualified individuals with disabilities. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/disability /index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/disability/index.html). Please contact the HHS Office for Civil Rights for more information about obligations and prohibitions under federal civil rights laws at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/about-us/contact-us/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/aboutus/contact-us/index.html) or call 1-800-368-1019 or TDD 1-800-537-7697. Also note it is an HHS Departmental goal to ensure access to quality, culturally competent care, including long-term services and supports, for vulnerable populations. For further guidance on providing culturally and linguistically appropriate services, recipients should review the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care at http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov /omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53 (http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53).

In accordance with the statutory provisions contained in Section 872 of the Duncan Hunter National

Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417), NIH awards will be subject to the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) requirements. FAPIIS requires Federal award making officials to review and consider information about an applicant in the designated integrity and performance system (currently FAPIIS) prior to making an award. An applicant, at its option, may review information in the designated integrity and performance systems accessible through FAPIIS and comment on any information about itself that a Federal agency previously entered and is currently in FAPIIS. The Federal awarding agency will consider any comments by the applicant, in addition to other information in FAPIIS, in making a judgement about the applicant's integrity, business ethics, and record of performance under Federal awards when completing the review of risk posed by applicants as described in 45 CFR Part 75.205 "Federal awarding agency review of risk posed by applicants." This provision will apply to all NIH grants and cooperative agreements except fellowships.

Cooperative Agreement Terms and Conditions of Award

Not Applicable

3. Reporting

When multiple years are involved, awardees will be required to submit the <u>Research Performance</u> <u>Progress Report (RPPR) (//grants.nih.gov/grants/rppr/index.htm)</u> annually and financial statements as required in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement. (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11161)</u>

A final RPPR, invention statement, and the expenditure data portion of the Federal Financial Report are required for closeout of an award, as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov</u> /grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11161).

The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Transparency Act), includes a requirement for awardees of Federal grants to report information about first-tier subawards and executive compensation under Federal assistance awards issued in FY2011 or later. All awardees of applicable NIH grants and cooperative agreements are required to report to the Federal Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) available at www.fsrs.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide //www.fsrs.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide //wrl_redirect.htm?id=11170) on all subawards over \$25,000. See the NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide//wrl_redirect.htm?id=11171) for additional information on this reporting requirement.

In accordance with the regulatory requirements provided at 45 CFR 75.113 and Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75, recipients that have currently active Federal grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal awarding agencies with a cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of a Federal award, must report and maintain the currency of information reported in the System for Award Management (SAM) about civil, criminal, and administrative proceedings in connection with the award or performance of a Federal award that reached final disposition within the most recent five-year period. The recipient must also make semiannual disclosures regarding such proceedings. Proceedings information will be made publicly available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently FAPIIS). This is a statutory requirement under section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in the designated integrity and performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts, will be publicly available. Full reporting requirements and procedures are found in Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75 – Award Term and Conditions for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters.

Section VII. Agency Contacts

We encourage inquiries concerning this funding opportunity and welcome the opportunity to answer questions from potential applicants.

Application Submission Contacts

eRA Service Desk (Questions regarding ASSIST, eRA Commons, application errors and warnings, documenting system problems that threaten submission by the due date, and post-submission issues)

Finding Help Online: http://grants.nih.gov/support/ (preferred method of contact) Telephone: 301-402-7469 or 866-504-9552 (Toll Free)

General Grants Information (Questions regarding application instructions, application processes, and NIH grant resources)

Email: <u>GrantsInfo@nih.gov (mailto:GrantsInfo@nih.gov)</u> (preferred method of contact) Telephone: 301-945-7573

Grants.gov Customer Support (Questions regarding Grants.gov registration and Workspace) Contact Center Telephone: 800-518-4726 Email: <u>support@grants.gov (mailto:support@grants.gov)</u>

Scientific/Research Contact(s)

NIH scientific contacts listed at the following website should be contacted for answers to questions about scientific issues: <u>http://www.nibib.nih.gov/Funding/Bioengineering/Contacts</u> (http://www.nibib.nih.gov/Funding/Bioengineering/Contacts)

Peer Review Contact(s)

Examine your eRA Commons account for review assignment and contact information (information appears two weeks after the submission due date).

Financial/Grants Management Contact(s)

NIH financial contacts listed at the following Web site should be contacted for answers to questions about financial issues: <u>http://www.nibib.nih.gov/Funding/Bioengineering/Contacts</u> (<u>http://www.nibib.nih.gov/Funding/Bioengineering/Contacts</u>)

Section VIII. Other Information

Recently issued trans-NIH <u>policy notices (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11163)</u> may affect your application submission. A full list of policy notices published by NIH is provided in the <u>NIH</u> <u>Guide for Grants and Contracts (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11164)</u>. All awards are subject to the terms and conditions, cost principles, and other considerations described in the <u>NIH</u> <u>Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120)</u>.

Authority and Regulations

Awards are made under the authorization of Sections 301 and 405 of the Public Health Service Act as amended (42 USC 241 and 284) and under Federal Regulations 42 CFR Part 52 and 45 CFR Part 75.

<u>Weekly TOC for this Announcement (/grants/guide/WeeklyIndex.cfm?01-11-19)</u> <u>NIH Funding Opportunities and Notices (/grants/guide/index.html)</u>





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Note: For help accessing PDF, RTF, MS Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Audio or Video files, see <u>Help Downloading</u> <u>Files (/grants/edocs.htm)</u>.