Department of Health and Human Services Part 1. Overview Information

Participating Organization(s)

National Institutes of Health (NIH (http://www.nih.gov))

Components of Participating Organizations

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB (http://www.nibib.nih.gov))

National Eye Institute (<u>NEI (http://www.nei.nih.gov)</u>)

National Institute on Aging (NIA (http://www.nia.nih.gov))

National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA (http://www.niaaa.nih.gov))

Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (<u>NICHD</u> (<u>http://www.nichd.nih.gov</u>))

National Institute on Deafness and Other Communication Disorders (NIDCD (http://www.nidcd.nih.gov))

National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA (http://www.nida.nih.gov))

National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH (http://www.nimh.nih.gov))

National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS (http://www.ninds.nih.gov))

National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH (http://www.nccam.nih.gov))

Funding Opportunity Title

BRAIN Initiative: Development of Next Generation Human Brain Imaging Tools and Technologies (U01 Clinical Trial Not Allowed)

Activity Code

<u>U01 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/ac_search_results.htm?text_curr=u01&Search.x=0&Search.y=0&Search_Type=Activity)</u> Research Project – Cooperative Agreements

Announcement Type

Reissue of RFA-EB-17-004 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/rfa-eb-17-004.html)

Related Notices

- August 23, 2019 Clarifying Competing Application Instructions and Notice of Publication of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) Regarding Proposed Human Fetal Tissue Research. See Notice NOT-OD-19-137 (/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-19-137.html).
- July 26, 2019 Changes to NIH Requirements Regarding Proposed Human Fetal Tissue Research.
 See Notice NOT-OD-19-128 (/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-19-128.html).

Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Number

RFA-EB-19-002

Companion Funding Opportunity

RFA-EB-19-001 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-EB-19-001.html), R01 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/funding/ac_search_results.htm?text_curr=r01&Search.x=0&Search_y=0&Search_Type=Activity)

Research Project Grant

Number of Applications

See Section III. 3. Additional Information on Eligibility.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Number(s)

93.286, 93.213, 93.867, 93.866, 93.273, 93.865, 93.279, 93.173, 93.242, 93.853

Funding Opportunity Purpose

This funding opportunity announcement (FOA), in support of the NIH Brain Research through Advancing Innovative Neurotechnologies (BRAIN) Initiative, aims to support full development of entirely new or next generation noninvasive human brain imaging tools and methods that will lead to transformative advances in our understanding of the human brain. The FOA seeks innovative applications that are ready for full-scale development of breakthrough technologies with the intention of delivering working tools. This FOA represents the second stage of the tool/technology development effort that started with RFA-MH-14-217 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-14-217.html) and RFA-MH-15-200 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-15-200.html)

Key Dates

Posted Date

June 27, 2019

Open Date (Earliest Submission Date)

August 3, 2019

Letter of Intent Due Date(s)

30 days prior to the application due dates

Application Due Date(s)

September 3, 2019, September 3, 2020, and September 3, 2021, by 5:00 PM local time of applicant organization. All <u>types of non-AIDS applications</u> allowed for this funding opportunity announcement are due on this date. No late applications will be accepted for this Funding Opportunity Announcement.

Applicants are encouraged to apply early to allow adequate time to make any corrections to errors found in the application during the submission process by the due date.

AIDS Application Due Date(s)

Not applicable

Scientific Merit Review

February 2020, February 2021, and February 2022

Advisory Council Review

May 2020, May 2021, and May 2022

Earliest Start Date

June 2020, June 2021, and June 2022

Expiration Date

September 4, 2021

Due Dates for E.O. 12372

Not Applicable

Required Application Instructions

It is critical that applicants follow the Research (R) Instructions in the <u>SF424 (R&R) Application Guide</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=12000), except where instructed to do otherwise (in this FOA or in a Notice from the *NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts* (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/)). Conformance to all requirements (both in the Application Guide and the FOA) is required and strictly enforced. Applicants must read and follow all application instructions in the Application Guide as well as any program-specific instructions noted in <u>Section IV</u>. When the program-specific instructions deviate from those in the Application Guide, follow the program-specific instructions. **Applications that do not comply with these instructions may be delayed or not accepted for review.**

There are several options available to submit your application through Grants.gov to NIH and Department of Health and Human Services partners. You **must** use one of these submission options to access the application forms for this opportunity.

1. Use the NIH ASSIST system to prepare, submit and track your application online.

Apply Online Using ASSIST

- 2. Use an institutional system-to-system (S2S) solution to prepare and submit your application to Grants.gov and eRA Commons (http://public.era.nih.gov/commons/) to track your application. Check with your institutional officials regarding availability.
- Use <u>Grants.gov</u> (<u>http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/download-application-package.html#search=true&oppNum=rfa-eb-19-002</u>) Workspace to prepare and submit your application and <u>eRA Commons</u> (<u>http://public.era.nih.gov/commons/</u>) to track your application.

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Part 2. Full Text of Announcement Section I. Funding Opportunity Description

Background

The Brain Research through Advancing Innovative Neurotechnologies (BRAIN) Initiative® is aimed at revolutionizing our understanding of the human brain. By accelerating the development and application of innovative technologies, researchers will be able to produce a new dynamic picture of the brain that, for the first time, will show how individual cells and complex neural circuits interact in both time and space. It is expected that the application of these new tools and technologies will ultimately lead to new ways to treat and prevent brain disorders.

NIH is one of several federal agencies involved in the BRAIN Initiative. Planning for the NIH component of the BRAIN initiative is guided by the long-term scientific plan, "BRAIN 2025: A Scientific Vision (https://www.braininitiative.nih.gov/strategic-planning/brain-2025-report)," which details seven high-priority research areas and calls for a sustained federal commitment of \$4.5 billion over 12 years. This and other Funding Opportunity Announcements (FOAs) issued as part of the BRAIN initiative are based on careful consideration by the NIH of the recommendations of the BRAIN 2025 Report, and input from the NIH BRAIN Multi-Council Working Group. Videocasts of the NIH BRAIN Multi-Council Working Group are available at http://www.braininitiative.nih.gov/about/mcwg.htm).

To enable rapid progress in development of new technologies as well as in theory and data analysis, the BRAIN Initiative encourages collaborations between neurobiologists and scientists from statistics, physics, mathematics, engineering, and computer and information sciences; and NIH welcomes applications from investigators in these disciplines.

NIH encourages BRAIN Initiative applications from investigators that are underrepresented in the biomedical, behavioral, or clinical research workforce (see data at https://www.nsf.gov/statistics/showpub.cfm?TopID=2&SubID=27 (https://www.nsf.gov/statistics/wowpub.cfm?TopID=2&SubID=27) and the most recent report on Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering (https://www.nsf.gov/statistics/women/)). Such individuals include those from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups, those with disabilities, and those from disadvantaged backgrounds.

NIH also encourages businesses to participate in the BRAIN Initiative. It is possible for companies to submit applications directly to BRAIN Initiative program announcements or to collaborate with academic researchers in joint submissions. Small businesses should consider applying to one of the BRAIN Initiative small business FOAs (http://braininitiative.nih.gov/funding/index.htm (https://www.braininitiative.nih.gov/funding/funding-opportunities)).

In addition to the National BRAIN Initiative, the NIH continues to have a substantial annual investment in neuroscience research. The Institutes and Centers contributing to the NIH BRAIN Initiative (http://braininitiative.nih.gov (https://www.braininitiative.nih.gov)/) support those research efforts through investigator-initiated applications as well as through specific FOAs. Potential applicants to this FOA are

strongly encouraged to contact Scientific/Program staff if they have any questions about the best FOA for their research.

The BRAIN Initiative will require a high level of coordination and sharing between investigators, and this FOA will use a cooperative agreement to facilitate these activities. The details of the management of the cooperative agreements can be found in Section VI. It is expected that BRAIN Initiative awardees will cooperate and coordinate their activities after awards are made.

The data sharing expectations for BRAIN Initiative awards can be found at NOT-MH-19-010 (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-MH-19-010.html).

This FOA is related to the Recommendations in Section III. 2, 3, and 6 of the Final Report (http://www.nih.gov/science/brain/2025/index.htm (https://www.braininitiative.nih.gov/strategic-planning/brain-2025-report)) of the BRAIN working group. Specifically, this FOA solicits applications that will address the recommendations on "Maps at Multiple Scales", "The Brain in Action" and "Advancing Human Neuroscience" (Section III, Part 2, 3, and 6) from "Section III. Implementation: Goals, Deliverables, Timelines and Costs" of the Final Report.

Research Objectives

The long-term objective of the overall BRAIN initiative is to accelerate technology development and the use of tools for acquiring fundamental insight about how the nervous system functions in health and disease. This FOA aims to support full development of entirely new or next generation noninvasive human brain imaging tools and methods that will lead to transformative advances in our understanding of the human brain. The FOA seeks innovative applications that are ready for full-scale development of breakthrough technologies with the intention of delivering working tools. This FOA represents the second stage of the tool/technology development effort and the FOA is open to all applicants.

In FY2014 and FY2015 the NIH issued the first two Next Generation Human Brain Imaging FOAs under the BRAIN initiative (see http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-14-217.html) and http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/rfa-files/RFA-MH-15-200.html)) that aimed to support planning activities and the initial stages of development of entirely new or next generation brain imaging technologies and methods. These initial planning grants supported the formation and development of interdisciplinary teams for proof of concept development of novel and transformative ideas for next generation noninvasive human imaging that will transform our understanding of the human brain.

In addition to the BRAIN funded planning grants, it is anticipated that other innovative imaging technologies that are currently being pursued by the scientific community that passed the initial planning stage with preliminary data could also benefit from the NIH support, in order to fully develop next-generation brain imaging technology for use in health humans. Therefore, this FOA will be open to all applicants, not only to the current planning grant awardees.

As a follow on to the two FOAs mentioned above and other advances in the broader research community, the goal of this FOA is to support full development of entirely new or next generation human brain imaging tools and methods. The initiative focuses on developing novel and transformative concepts of imaging technologies beyond the proof of concept stage for breakthrough, noninvasive imaging of human brain processes in ways that are currently unachievable in healthy persons. The intended outcome is bold, high-impact, and disruptive tools and methods for human neuroscience that can be used practically and ethically in healthy humans.

Achieving this goal will likely require leveraging the expertise of an interdisciplinary team. This FOA will provide the needed resources to support teams to meet the grand challenges of developing novel and transformative interdisciplinary approaches to human brain imaging. Academic - industrial partnerships are strongly encouraged, although not required.

Effort supported under this FOA should not be restricted to only developing new hardware, but could address any of the steps along the chain of brain imaging data acquisition. Advanced, adaptive sampling and analytic approaches for image acquisition and image processing that can scale from macro to micro-levels of the brain (in space and/or time) are encouraged. Creative efforts using theory, mathematical modeling or data-driven approach, and experiment to bridge multiple scales in human neuroimaging are strongly encouraged. Research plans that include cross validation of the proposed new imaging technologies are also encouraged.

Innovative, impactful next generation imaging tools span a wide array of approaches. These include hardware, software, and methods that have a potential to revolutionize the way noninvasive human neuroimaging is conducted today. This FOA solicits applications proposing full development for next generation human brain imaging, including but not limited to:

- New classes of noninvasive human neuroimaging
- Disruptive, new approaches that dramatically improve spatiotemporal resolution of current human neuroimaging, preferable at mesoscale level
- Behaviorally active human neuroimaging that allows for movement in space during imaging in more natural environments while maintaining high resolution
- o Innovative multi-modal or multi-scale approaches in human neuroimaging

Breakthrough technologies that overcome existing barriers, if developed, would enable imaging and measuring brain processes in ways that are currently unachievable, thereby acquiring fundamental novel insight about how the human brain is organized and functions. The noninvasive imaging technologies can be focused at multiple scales from molecules to cells to circuits to larger structures. However, all technologies must have the goal of being applied to healthy humans. Applications that do not have this objective will be considered non-responsive and will not be reviewed.

Solutions describing well-established and/or currently existing approaches to human brain imaging, especially those that are commonly used strategies, will not be considered responsive to this FOA unless a compelling case is made that significant, quantifiable advances will result. Applications must state the advances to be achieved beyond the current resolution/timing/performance limits;

Applications proposing imaging technologies in non-human species, using ex vivo tissues, clinical specimens or patients that will have little or no potential to be applied to imaging of healthy human brain will be considered non-responsive. Such applications should consider whether their application might be responsive to other BRAIN funding opportunities.

Applications proposing small-scale, proof of concept development of novel human brain imaging that requires some development and testing to generate preliminary data before launching into full-scale tool development should consider the companion FOA of this RFA, RFA-EB-19-001, entitled "BRAIN Initiative: Proof of Concept Development of Early Stage Next Generation Human Brain Imaging (R01)".

See Section VIII. Other Information for award authorities and regulations.

Section II. Award Information

Funding Instrument

Cooperative Agreement: A support mechanism used when there will be substantial Federal scientific or programmatic involvement. Substantial involvement means that, after award, NIH scientific or program staff will assist, guide, coordinate, or participate in project activities. See Section VI.2 for additional information about the substantial involvement for this FOA.

Application Types Allowed

New

The OER Glossary (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11116) and the SF424 (R&R)

Application Guide provide details on these application types.

Clinical Trial?

Not Allowed: Only accepting applications that do not propose clinical trials

Need help determining whether you are doing a clinical trial? (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82370)

Funds Available and Anticipated Number of Awards

Issuing IC and partner components intend to commit an estimated total of \$8M to fund 3-6 awards.

Award Budget

Application budgets are not limited but need to reflect the actual needs of the proposed project.

Award Project Period

The scope of the proposed project should determine the project period. The maximum project period is 5 years.

NIH grants policies as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11120)</u> will apply to the applications submitted and awards made from this FOA.

Section III. Eligibility Information

1. Eligible Applicants

Eligible Organizations

Higher Education Institutions

- Public/State Controlled Institutions of Higher Education
- Private Institutions of Higher Education

The following types of Higher Education Institutions are always encouraged to apply for NIH support as Public or Private Institutions of Higher Education:

- o Hispanic-serving Institutions
- o Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs)
- o Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities (TCCUs)
- o Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian Serving Institutions
- o Asian American Native American Pacific Islander Serving Institutions (AANAPISIs)

Nonprofits Other Than Institutions of Higher Education

- Nonprofits with 501(c)(3) IRS Status (Other than Institutions of Higher Education)
- o Nonprofits without 501(c)(3) IRS Status (Other than Institutions of Higher Education)

For-Profit Organizations

- Small Businesses
- For-Profit Organizations (Other than Small Businesses)

Governments

- State Governments
- County Governments
- City or Township Governments
- Special District Governments
- Indian/Native American Tribal Governments (Federally Recognized)
- o Indian/Native American Tribal Governments (Other than Federally Recognized)
- Eligible Agencies of the Federal Government-Including the NIH Intramural Program
- o U.S. Territory or Possession

Other

- Independent School Districts
- Public Housing Authorities/Indian Housing Authorities
- o Native American Tribal Organizations (other than Federally recognized tribal governments)
- o Faith-based or Community-based Organizations
- Regional Organizations
- Non-domestic (non-U.S.) Entities (Foreign Institutions)

Foreign Institutions

Non-domestic (non-U.S.) Entities (Foreign Institutions) **are** eligible to apply.

Non-domestic (non-U.S.) components of U.S. Organizations **are** eligible to apply.

Foreign components, as <u>defined in the *NIH Grants Policy Statement* (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url redirect.htm?id=11118), **are** allowed.</u>

Required Registrations

Applicant Organizations

Applicant organizations must complete and maintain the following registrations as described in the SF 424 (R&R) Application Guide to be eligible to apply for or receive an award. All registrations must be completed prior to the application being submitted. Registration can take 6 weeks or more, so applicants should begin the registration process as soon as possible. The NIH Policy on Late Submission of Grant Applications (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-15-039.html) states that failure to complete registrations in advance of a due date is not a valid reason for a late submission.

- <u>Dun and Bradstreet Universal Numbering System (DUNS) (http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform)</u> All registrations require that applicants be issued a DUNS number. After obtaining a DUNS number, applicants can begin both SAM and eRA Commons registrations. The same DUNS number must be used for all registrations, as well as on the grant application.
- System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov/portal/public/SAM/)— Applicants
 must complete and maintain an active registration, which requires renewal at least annually.
 The renewal process may require as much time as the initial registration. SAM registration
 includes the assignment of a Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code for domestic
 organizations which have not already been assigned a CAGE Code.
 - NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE) Code (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11176) – Foreign organizations must obtain an NCAGE code (in lieu of a CAGE code) in order to register in SAM.
- eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11123) Applicants must have
 an active DUNS number to register in eRA Commons. Organizations can register with the eRA
 Commons as they are working through their SAM or Grants.gov registration, but all registrations
 must be in place by time of submission. eRA Commons requires organizations to identify at least
 one Signing Official (SO) and at least one Program Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI)
 account in order to submit an application.
- <u>Grants.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82300)</u> Applicants must have an active DUNS number and SAM registration in order to complete the Grants.gov registration.

Program Directors/Principal Investigators (PD(s)/PI(s))

All PD(s)/PI(s) must have an eRA Commons account. PD(s)/PI(s) should work with their organizational officials to either create a new account or to affiliate their existing account with the applicant organization in eRA Commons. If the PD/PI is also the organizational Signing Official, they must have two distinct eRA Commons accounts, one for each role. Obtaining an eRA Commons account can take up to 2 weeks.

Eligible Individuals (Program Director/Principal Investigator)

Any individual(s) with the skills, knowledge, and resources necessary to carry out the proposed research as the Program Director(s)/Principal Investigator(s) (PD(s)/PI(s)) is invited to work with his/her organization to develop an application for support. Individuals from underrepresented racial and ethnic groups as well as individuals with disabilities are always encouraged to apply for NIH support.

For institutions/organizations proposing multiple PDs/PIs, visit the Multiple Program Director/Principal Investigator Policy and submission details in the Senior/Key Person Profile (Expanded) Component of the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

2. Cost Sharing

This FOA does not require cost sharing as defined in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u>. (<u>//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11126)</u>

3. Additional Information on Eligibility

Number of Applications

Applicant organizations may submit more than one application, provided that each application is scientifically distinct.

The NIH will not accept duplicate or highly overlapping applications under review at the same time. This means that the NIH will not accept:

- A new (A0) application that is submitted before issuance of the summary statement from the review of an overlapping new (A0) or resubmission (A1) application.
- A resubmission (A1) application that is submitted before issuance of the summary statement from the review of the previous new (A0) application.
- An application that has substantial overlap with another application pending appeal of initial peer review (see NOT-OD-11-101 (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-11-101.html)).

Section IV. Application and Submission Information

1. Requesting an Application Package

The application forms package specific to this opportunity must be accessed through ASSIST, Grants.gov Workspace or an institutional system-to-system solution. Links to apply using ASSIST or Grants.gov Workspace are available in Part 1 of this FOA. See your administrative office for instructions if you plan to use an institutional system-to-system solution.

Content and Form of Application Submission

It is critical that applicants follow the Research (R) Instructions in the <u>SF424 (R&R) Application Guide (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=12000)</u>, except where instructed in this funding opportunity announcement to do otherwise. Conformance to the requirements in the Application Guide is required and strictly enforced. Applications that are out of compliance with these instructions may be delayed or not accepted for review.

Letter of Intent

Although a letter of intent is not required, is not binding, and does not enter into the review of a subsequent application, the information that it contains allows IC staff to estimate the potential review workload and plan the review.

By the date listed in <u>Part 1. Overview Information</u>, prospective applicants are asked to submit a letter of intent that includes the following information:

- o Descriptive title of proposed activity
- Name(s), address(es), and telephone number(s) of the PD(s)/PI(s)
- Names of other key personnel
- Participating institution(s)
- Number and title of this funding opportunity

The letter of intent should be sent to:

Shumin Wang, Ph.D.

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB)

Telephone: 301-594-9001

Email: shumin.wang@nih.gov)

Page Limitations

All page limitations described in the SF424 Application Guide and the <u>Table of Page Limits</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11133) must be followed.

Instructions for Application Submission

The following section supplements the instructions found in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide and should be used for preparing an application to this FOA.

SF424(R&R) Cover

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Project/Performance Site Locations

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Other Project Information

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

SF424(R&R) Senior/Key Person Profile

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

R&R or Modular Budget

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

R&R Subaward Budget

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

PHS 398 Cover Page Supplement

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

PHS 398 Research Plan

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed, with the following additional instructions:

Research Strategy: Applications should describe clear plans for the development of novel and transformative concepts of noninvasive imaging technologies beyond their initial stages into working tools for understanding human brain processes in ways that are currently unachievable in humans. The intended outcome, by the end of this award, will be bold, high-impact, and disruptive tools for human neuroscience with the intention that the technologies be capable of being used practically and ethically in healthy humans.

The specific goals to be achieved by the project must be clearly stated in the application for the proposed project, including an explanation of how the proposed activities will serve to transform human

brain imaging research beyond what can be achieved through existing methods. Critically, applications must provide an assessment of how their application will advance beyond the state-of-the-art, with an emphasis on the current resolution/timing/performance limits they expect to improve, and how the proposed development will result in a transformative impact in human neuroscience.

Current State-of-the-Art Statement: Investigators must specifically define the current state of technology as a benchmark against which their proposed new technology or improvements will be measured. A sound rationale should be provided as to why the approach proposed is the most appropriate and, if successful, likely to generate an exceptional improvement on the way noninvasive human brain imaging is conducted in the future.

Timeline and Milestones: A timeline must be included as part of the Research Strategy and should include a distinct final section, entitled "Milestones", that briefly proposes indicators of progress at critical junctures. These should be tailored to the unique scope of each project and details must be provided to permit a thoughtful evaluation of precisely what will be achieved throughout the duration of the project. This should include descriptions that will indicate how the proposed approaches will be tested and validated along with alternative strategies should an effort fail to perform as expected. Investigators should describe how results will be used to inform future phases of research and development and how our current state of brain imaging techniques will be transformed by the proposed project.

Animal Research/Development Inclusion: This FOA allows animal studies that are clearly justified as necessary for the proposed development of next generation human brain imaging tools. Applications proposing animal research before scaling up to humans must provide clear rationale how the findings from the proposed studies will translate up the scale and lead to the development of working tools for human neuroscience with the intention that the technologies be capable of being used practically and ethically in healthy humans.

Resource Sharing Plan: Individuals are required to comply with the instructions for the Resource Sharing Plans as provided in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide, with the following modification:

- All applications, regardless of the amount of direct costs requested for any one year, should address a Data Sharing Plan.
- Applications must follow the guidance instructions in <u>NOT-MH-19-010 (https://grants.nih.gov</u>/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-MH-19-010.html)concerning data in the resource sharing plan.

Appendix:

Only limited Appendix materials are allowed. Follow all instructions for the Appendix as described in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information

When involving NIH-defined human subjects research, clinical research, and/or clinical trials (and when applicable, clinical trials research experience) follow all instructions for the PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information form in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide, with the following additional instructions:

If you answered "Yes" to the question "Are Human Subjects Involved?" on the R&R Other Project Information form, you must include at least one human subjects study record using the **Study Record: PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information** form or **Delayed Onset Study** record.

Study Record: PHS Human Subjects and Clinical Trials Information

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed

Delayed Onset Study

Note: <u>Delayed onset (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/glossary.htm#DelayedOnsetHumanSubjectStudy)</u> does NOT apply to a study that can be described but will not start immediately (i.e., delayed start).

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

PHS Assignment Request Form

All instructions in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide must be followed.

Foreign Institutions

Foreign (non-U.S.) institutions must follow policies described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11137), and procedures for foreign institutions.

3. Unique Entity Identifier and System for Award Management (SAM)

See Part 1. Section III.1 for information regarding the requirement for obtaining a unique entity identifier and for completing and maintaining active registrations in System for Award Management (SAM), NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE) Code (if applicable), eRA Commons, and Grants.gov

4. Submission Dates and Times

<u>Part I. Overview Information</u> contains information about Key Dates and times. Applicants are encouraged to submit applications before the due date to ensure they have time to make any application corrections that might be necessary for successful submission. When a submission date falls on a weekend or <u>Federal holiday (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82380)</u>, the application deadline is automatically extended to the next business day.

Organizations must submit applications to <u>Grants.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11128)</u> (the online portal to find and apply for grants across all Federal agencies). Applicants must then complete the submission process by tracking the status of the application in the <u>eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11123)</u>, NIH's electronic system for grants administration. NIH and Grants.gov systems check the application against many of the application instructions upon submission. Errors must be corrected and a changed/corrected application must be submitted to Grants.gov on or before the application due date and time. If a Changed/Corrected application is submitted after the deadline, the application will be considered late. Applications that miss the due date and time are subjected to the NIH Policy on Late Application Submission.

Applicants are responsible for viewing their application before the due date in the eRA Commons to ensure accurate and successful submission.

Information on the submission process and a definition of on-time submission are provided in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

5. Intergovernmental Review (E.O. 12372)

This initiative is not subject to <u>intergovernmental review</u>. (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url redirect.htm?id=11142)

6. Funding Restrictions

All NIH awards are subject to the terms and conditions, cost principles, and other considerations described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120).

Pre-award costs are allowable only as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11143)</u>.

7. Other Submission Requirements and Information

Applications must be submitted electronically following the instructions described in the SF424 (R&R)

Application Guide. Paper applications will not be accepted.

Applicants must complete all required registrations before the application due date. Section III. Eligibility Information contains information about registration.

For assistance with your electronic application or for more information on the electronic submission process, visit How to Apply – Application Guide (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide.html). If you encounter a system issue beyond your control that threatens your ability to complete the submission process on-time, you must follow the Dealing with System Issues (https://grants.nih.gov/grants/how-to-apply-application-guide/due-dates-and-submission-policies/dealing-with-system-issues.htm) guidance. For assistance with application submission, contact the Application Submission Contacts in Section VII.

Important reminders:

All PD(s)/PI(s) must include their eRA Commons ID in the Credential field of the Senior/Key Person Profile Component of the SF424(R&R) Application Package. Failure to register in the Commons and to include a valid PD/PI Commons ID in the credential field will prevent the successful submission of an electronic application to NIH. See <u>Section III</u> of this FOA for information on registration requirements.

The applicant organization must ensure that the DUNS number it provides on the application is the same number used in the organization's profile in the eRA Commons and for the System for Award Management. Additional information may be found in the SF424 (R&R) Application Guide.

See more tips (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11146) for avoiding common errors.

Upon receipt, applications will be evaluated for completeness and compliance with application instructions by the Center for Scientific Review and responsiveness by <u>components of participating organizations</u>, NIH. Applications that are incomplete, non-compliant and/or nonresponsive will not be reviewed.

Applications Involving the NIH Intramural Research Program

The requests by NIH intramural scientists will be limited to the incremental costs required for participation. As such, these requests will not include any salary and related fringe benefits for career, career conditional or other Federal employees (civilian or uniformed service) with permanent appointments under existing position ceilings or any costs related to administrative or facilities support (equivalent to Facilities and Administrative or F&A costs). These costs may include salary for staff to be specifically hired under a temporary appointment for the project, consultant costs, equipment, supplies, travel, and other items typically listed under Other Expenses. Applications should indicate the number of person-months devoted to the project, even if no funds are requested for salary and fringe benefits.

If selected, appropriate funding will be provided by the NIH Intramural Program. NIH intramural scientists will participate in this program as PDs/PIs in accord with the Terms and Conditions provided in this FOA. Intellectual property will be managed in accord with established policy of the NIH in compliance with Executive Order 10096, as amended, 45 CFR Part 7; patent rights for inventions developed in NIH facilities are NIH property unless NIH waives its rights.

Should an extramural application include the collaboration with an intramural scientist, no funds for the support of the intramural scientist may be requested in the application. The intramural scientist may submit a separate request for intramural funding as described above.

Post Submission Materials

Applicants are required to follow the instructions for post-submission materials, as described in <u>the policy (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=82299)</u>. Any instructions provided here are in addition to the instructions in the policy.

Section V. Application Review Information

1. Criteria

Only the review criteria described below will be considered in the review process.

Applications submitted to the NIH in support of the NIH mission (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11149) are evaluated for scientific and technical merit through the NIH peer review system.

Overall Impact

Reviewers will provide an overall impact score to reflect their assessment of the likelihood for the project to exert a sustained, powerful influence on the research field(s) involved, in consideration of the following review criteria and additional review criteria (as applicable for the project proposed).

Scored Review Criteria

Reviewers will consider each of the review criteria below in the determination of scientific merit, and give a separate score for each. An application does not need to be strong in all categories to be judged likely to have major scientific impact. For example, a project that by its nature is not innovative may be essential to advance a field.

Significance

Does the project address an important problem or a critical barrier to progress in the field? Is the prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project rigorous? If the aims of the project are achieved, how will scientific knowledge, technical capability, and/or clinical practice be improved? How will successful completion of the aims change the concepts, methods, technologies, treatments, services, or preventative interventions that drive this field? Has the state-of-the art been accurately described? Does the proposed full development of entirely new or next generation human brain imaging technology represent a significant step forward in noninvasive neuroimaging in healthy live persons? Will the proposed goals, if achieved, enable imaging and measuring various brain processes in ways that are currently unachievable? Will the proposed breakthrough imaging technology, if successful, have the potential to transform our understanding of the human brain? Will the goals adequately prepare the investigators to deliver working tools within the timeframe of the project?

Investigator(s)

Are the PD(s)/PI(s), collaborators, and other researchers well suited to the project? If Early Stage Investigators or those in the early stages of independent careers, do they have appropriate experience and training? If established, have they demonstrated an ongoing record of accomplishments that have advanced their field(s)? If the project is collaborative or multi-PD/PI, do the investigators have complementary and integrated expertise; are their leadership approach, governance and organizational structure appropriate for the project? Does the application have highly skilled investigators in all areas of interdisciplinary science and engineering needed to fully develop the proposed breakthrough imaging tools and methods?

Innovation

Does the application challenge and seek to shift current research or clinical practice paradigms by utilizing novel theoretical concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions? Are the concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions novel to one field of research or novel in a broad sense? Is a refinement, improvement, or new application of theoretical concepts, approaches or methodologies, instrumentation, or interventions proposed?

Approach

Are the overall strategy, methodology, and analyses well-reasoned and appropriate to accomplish the specific aims of the project? Have the investigators included plans to address weaknesses in

the rigor of prior research that serves as the key support for the proposed project? Have the investigators presented strategies to ensure a robust and unbiased approach, as appropriate for the work proposed? Are potential problems, alternative strategies, and benchmarks for success presented? If the project is in the early stages of development, will the strategy establish feasibility and will particularly risky aspects be managed? Have the investigators presented adequate plans to address relevant biological variables, such as sex, for studies in vertebrate animals or human subjects?

Does the application propose concrete plans and interdisciplinary approaches to overcoming challenges of developing next generation human brain imaging? Does the application contain preliminary results that justify the full development? Does the application propose clear and measurable timeline and milestones? Will the approaches outlined serve to fully develop bold, high-impact, and disruptive tools with the intention that the technologies be capable of being used practically and ethically in healthy humans within the timeframe of the project?

If the use of animals is proposed, does the application provide a sound rationale and describe how the findings from the proposed animal studies will translate up the scale and lead to the development of working tools for human neuroscience with the intention that the technologies be capable of being used practically and ethically in healthy humans within the timeframe of the project?

If the project involves human subjects and/or NIH-defined clinical research, are the plans to address

- 1) the protection of human subjects from research risks, and
- 2) inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals on the basis of sex/gender, race, and ethnicity, as well as the inclusion or exclusion of individuals of all ages (including children and older adults), justified in terms of the scientific goals and research strategy proposed?

Environment

Will the scientific environment in which the work will be done contribute to the probability of success? Are the institutional support, equipment and other physical resources available to the investigators adequate for the project proposed? Will the project benefit from unique features of the scientific environment, subject populations, or collaborative arrangements?

Additional Review Criteria

As applicable for the project proposed, reviewers will evaluate the following additional items while determining scientific and technical merit, and in providing an overall impact score, but will not give separate scores for these items.

Protections for Human Subjects

For research that involves human subjects but does not involve one of the categories of research that are exempt under 45 CFR Part 46, the committee will evaluate the justification for involvement of human subjects and the proposed protections from research risk relating to their participation according to the following five review criteria: 1) risk to subjects, 2) adequacy of protection against risks, 3) potential benefits to the subjects and others, 4) importance of the knowledge to be gained, and 5) data and safety monitoring for clinical trials.

For research that involves human subjects and meets the criteria for one or more of the categories of research that are exempt under 45 CFR Part 46, the committee will evaluate: 1) the justification for the exemption, 2) human subjects involvement and characteristics, and 3) sources of materials. For additional information on review of the Human Subjects section, please refer to the <u>Guidelines</u> for the Review of Human Subjects (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11175).

Inclusion of Women, Minorities, and Individuals Across the Lifespan

When the proposed project involves human subjects and/or NIH-defined clinical research, the

committee will evaluate the proposed plans for the inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals on the basis of sex/gender, race, and ethnicity, as well as the inclusion (or exclusion) of individuals of all ages (including children and older adults) to determine if it is justified in terms of the scientific goals and research strategy proposed. For additional information on review of the Inclusion section, please refer to the <u>Guidelines for the Review of Inclusion in Clinical Research (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11174)</u>.

Vertebrate Animals

The committee will evaluate the involvement of live vertebrate animals as part of the scientific assessment according to the following criteria: (1) description of proposed procedures involving animals, including species, strains, ages, sex, and total number to be used; (2) justifications for the use of animals versus alternative models and for the appropriateness of the species proposed; (3) interventions to minimize discomfort, distress, pain and injury; and (4) justification for euthanasia method if NOT consistent with the AVMA Guidelines for the Euthanasia of Animals. Reviewers will assess the use of chimpanzees as they would any other application proposing the use of vertebrate animals. For additional information on review of the Vertebrate Animals section, please refer to the Worksheet for Review of the Vertebrate Animal Section (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url redirect.htm?id=11150).

Biohazards

Reviewers will assess whether materials or procedures proposed are potentially hazardous to research personnel and/or the environment, and if needed, determine whether adequate protection is proposed.

Resubmissions

Not applicable

Renewals

Not applicable

Revisions

Not applicable

Additional Review Considerations

As applicable for the project proposed, reviewers will consider each of the following items, but will not give scores for these items, and should not consider them in providing an overall impact score.

Applications from Foreign Organizations

Reviewers will assess whether the project presents special opportunities for furthering research programs through the use of unusual talent, resources, populations, or environmental conditions that exist in other countries and either are not readily available in the United States or augment existing U.S. resources.

Select Agent Research

Reviewers will assess the information provided in this section of the application, including 1) the Select Agent(s) to be used in the proposed research, 2) the registration status of all entities where Select Agent(s) will be used, 3) the procedures that will be used to monitor possession use and transfer of Select Agent(s), and 4) plans for appropriate biosafety, biocontainment, and security of the Select Agent(s).

Resource Sharing Plans

Reviewers will comment on whether the following Resource Sharing Plans, or the rationale for not sharing the following types of resources, are reasonable: (1) <u>Data Sharing Plan (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11151)</u>; (2) <u>Sharing Model Organisms (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11152)</u>; and (3) <u>Genomic Data Sharing Plan (GDS) (//grants.nih.gov</u>

/grants/guide/url redirect.htm?id=11153).

Authentication of Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources:

For projects involving key biological and/or chemical resources, reviewers will comment on the brief plans proposed for identifying and ensuring the validity of those resources.

Budget and Period of Support

Reviewers will consider whether the budget and the requested period of support are fully justified and reasonable in relation to the proposed research.

Review and Selection Process

Applications will be evaluated for scientific and technical merit by (an) appropriate Scientific Review Group(s) convened by the National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB), in accordance with NIH peer review policy and procedures (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11154), using the stated review criteria. Assignment to a Scientific Review Group will be shown in the eRA Commons.

As part of the scientific peer review, all applications:

- May undergo a selection process in which only those applications deemed to have the highest scientific and technical merit (generally the top half of applications under review) will be discussed and assigned an overall impact score.
- o Will receive a written critique.

<u>Appeals (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-11-064.html)</u> of initial peer review will not be accepted for applications submitted in response to this FOA.

Applications will be assigned to the appropriate NIH Institute or Center. Applications will compete for available funds with all other recommended applications submitted in response to this FOA. Following initial peer review, recommended applications will receive a second level of review by the appropriate national Advisory Council or Board. The following will be considered in making funding decisions:

- Scientific and technical merit of the proposed project as determined by scientific peer review.
- Availability of funds.
- o Relevance of the proposed project to program priorities.

3. Anticipated Announcement and Award Dates

After the peer review of the application is completed, the PD/PI will be able to access his or her Summary Statement (written critique) via the <u>eRA Commons (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11123)</u>. Refer to Part 1 for dates for peer review, advisory council review, and earliest start date.

Information regarding the disposition of applications is available in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url redirect.htm?id=11156).

Section VI. Award Administration Information

1. Award Notices

If the application is under consideration for funding, NIH will request "just-in-time" information from the applicant as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide /url_redirect.htm?id=11157)</u>.

A formal notification in the form of a Notice of Award (NoA) will be provided to the applicant organization for successful applications. The NoA signed by the grants management officer is the authorizing document and will be sent via email to the grantee's business official.

Awardees must comply with any funding restrictions described in <u>Section IV.5. Funding Restrictions</u>.

Selection of an application for award is not an authorization to begin performance. Any costs incurred before receipt of the NoA are at the recipient's risk. These costs may be reimbursed only to the extent considered allowable pre-award costs.

Any application awarded in response to this FOA will be subject to terms and conditions found on the Award Conditions and Information for NIH Grants (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11158) website. This includes any recent legislation and policy applicable to awards that is highlighted on this website.

2. Administrative and National Policy Requirements

All NIH grant and cooperative agreement awards include the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement</u> (<u>//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120</u>) as part of the NoA. For these terms of award, see the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement Part II: Terms and Conditions of NIH Grant Awards, Subpart A: General (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11157) and Part II: Terms and Conditions of NIH Grant Awards, Subpart B: Terms and Conditions for Specific Types of Grants, Grantees, and Activities (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11159). More information is provided at Award Conditions and Information for NIH Grants (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11158).</u>

Recipients of federal financial assistance (FFA) from HHS must administer their programs in compliance with federal civil rights law. This means that recipients of HHS funds must ensure equal access to their programs without regard to a person's race, color, national origin, disability, age and, in some circumstances, sex and religion. This includes ensuring your programs are accessible to persons with limited English proficiency. HHS recognizes that research projects are often limited in scope for many reasons that are nondiscriminatory, such as the principal investigator's scientific interest, funding limitations, recruitment requirements, and other considerations. Thus, criteria in research protocols that target or exclude certain populations are warranted where nondiscriminatory justifications establish that such criteria are appropriate with respect to the health or safety of the subjects, the scientific study design, or the purpose of the research.

For additional guidance regarding how the provisions apply to NIH grant programs, please contact the Scientific/Research Contact that is identified in Section VII under Agency Contacts of this FOA. HHS provides general guidance to recipients of FFA on meeting their legal obligation to take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to their programs by persons with limited English proficiency. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html). The HHS Office for Civil Rights also provides guidance on complying with civil rights laws enforced by HHS. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/section-1557/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov /civil-rights/for-individuals/section-1557/index.html); and https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers /laws-regulations-guidance/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers/laws-regulationsguidance/index.html). Recipients of FFA also have specific legal obligations for serving qualified individuals with disabilities. Please see https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/disability /index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/disability/index.html). Please contact the HHS Office for Civil Rights for more information about obligations and prohibitions under federal civil rights laws at https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/about-us/contact-us/index.html (https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/aboutus/contact-us/index.html) or call 1-800-368-1019 or TDD 1-800-537-7697. Also note it is an HHS Departmental goal to ensure access to quality, culturally competent care, including long-term services and supports, for vulnerable populations. For further guidance on providing culturally and linguistically appropriate services, recipients should review the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care at http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov /omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53 (http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53).

In accordance with the statutory provisions contained in Section 872 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417), NIH awards will be subject to the

Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) requirements. FAPIIS requires Federal award making officials to review and consider information about an applicant in the designated integrity and performance system (currently FAPIIS) prior to making an award. An applicant, at its option, may review information in the designated integrity and performance systems accessible through FAPIIS and comment on any information about itself that a Federal agency previously entered and is currently in FAPIIS. The Federal awarding agency will consider any comments by the applicant, in addition to other information in FAPIIS, in making a judgement about the applicant's integrity, business ethics, and record of performance under Federal awards when completing the review of risk posed by applicants as described in 45 CFR Part 75.205 "Federal awarding agency review of risk posed by applicants." This provision will apply to all NIH grants and cooperative agreements except fellowships.

Cooperative Agreement Terms and Conditions of Award

The following special terms of award are in addition to, and not in lieu of, otherwise applicable U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) administrative guidelines, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) grant administration regulations at 45 CFR Part 75, and other HHS, PHS, and NIH grant administration policies.

The administrative and funding instrument used for this program will be the cooperative agreement, an "assistance" mechanism (rather than an "acquisition" mechanism), in which substantial NIH programmatic involvement with the awardees is anticipated during the performance of the activities. Under the cooperative agreement, the NIH purpose is to support and stimulate the recipients' activities by involvement in and otherwise working jointly with the award recipients in a partnership role; it is not to assume direction, prime responsibility, or a dominant role in the activities. Consistent with this concept, the dominant role and prime responsibility resides with the awardees for the project as a whole, although specific tasks and activities may be shared among the awardees and the NIH as defined below.

The PD(s)/PI(s) will have the primary responsibility for:

- Determining experimental approaches, designing protocols, conducting experiments, analyzing, interpreting and publishing research data.
- Attending meetings with investigators, BRAIN Initiative staff and/or leadership, and members of the BRAIN Initiative Multi-Council Working Group to foster collaborations and exchange information and ideas to accelerate progress towards the goals of the BRAIN Initiative.
- Developing milestones with specific timelines and criteria for evaluation, and making appropriate revisions based on the feedback from the Principal Investigator meetings and recommendations from the Program Officer and/or Project Team.
- Discussing and sharing information, preliminary results, raw data, resources and technology with the Program Officer and/or Project Team and the other investigative teams (i.e., recipients of awards issued under this FOA) as appropriate and consistent with achieving the goals of the BRAIN Initiative.
- Sharing data, final results and technology with the broader research community as appropriate.

NIH staff have substantial programmatic involvement that is above and beyond the normal stewardship role in awards, as described below:

- A Program Officer will be assigned to this award. The Program Officer will be responsible for normal scientific and programmatic stewardship and guidance.
- A group of NIH program staff from the ICs contributing to the NIH BRAIN Initiative will form a
 Project Team for this award. The Project Team will review annual progress reports and other
 documents from the awardees and will assist the Program Officer in the evaluation of progress
 and coordination of activities with other awardees under this FOA.
- One or more extramural NIH program staff member will be assigned as the Project Coordinator for each award under this FOA. The same person may serve as the Project Coordinator for

multiple BRAIN Initiative awards. The Project Coordinator(s) will also be a member of the Project Team.

- The Project Coordinator is not involved with normal program stewardship, but will provide technical assistance, advice, coordination, and other program actions supporting the recipients of these cooperative agreements during the conduct of an activity, which may be above and beyond the levels required normally for program stewardship of grants.
- The additional duties of the Project Coordinator may include attending and participating in meetings of Principle Investigators and NIH Staff, assisting in the development of the meeting agendas, assisting in evaluating achievement of milestones, assisting with the establishment of a consortium for the purpose of sharing information and coordination of research activities among the recipients of these cooperative agreements.

Areas of Joint Responsibility include:

None; all responsibilities are divided between awardees and NIH staff as described above.

Dispute Resolution:

Any disagreements that may arise in scientific or programmatic matters (within the scope of the award) between award recipients and the NIH may be brought to Dispute Resolution. A Dispute Resolution Panel composed of three members will be convened. It will have three members: a designee of the Steering Committee chosen without NIH staff voting, one NIH designee, and a third designee with expertise in the relevant area who is chosen by the other two; in the case of individual disagreement, the first member may be chosen by the individual awardee. This special dispute resolution procedure does not alter the awardee's right to appeal an adverse action that is otherwise appealable in accordance with PHS regulation 42 CFR Part 50, Subpart D and DHHS regulation 45 CFR Part 16.

3. Reporting

When multiple years are involved, awardees will be required to submit the <u>Research Performance Progress Report (RPPR) (//grants.nih.gov/grants/rppr/index.htm)</u> annually and financial statements as required in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement. (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11161)</u>

A final RPPR, invention statement, and the expenditure data portion of the Federal Financial Report are required for closeout of an award, as described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11161)</u>.

The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Transparency Act), includes a requirement for awardees of Federal grants to report information about first-tier subawards and executive compensation under Federal assistance awards issued in FY2011 or later. All awardees of applicable NIH grants and cooperative agreements are required to report to the Federal Subaward Reporting System (FSRS) available at www.fsrs.gov (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide
/url_redirect.htm?id=11170) on all subawards over \$25,000. See the NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11171) for additional information on this reporting requirement.

In accordance with the regulatory requirements provided at 45 CFR 75.113 and Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75, recipients that have currently active Federal grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts from all Federal awarding agencies with a cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000 for any period of time during the period of performance of a Federal award, must report and maintain the currency of information reported in the System for Award Management (SAM) about civil, criminal, and administrative proceedings in connection with the award or performance of a Federal award that reached final disposition within the most recent five-year period. The recipient must also make semiannual disclosures regarding such proceedings. Proceedings information will be made publicly available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently FAPIIS). This is a statutory requirement under section 872 of Public Law 110-417, as amended (41 U.S.C. 2313). As required by section 3010 of Public Law 111-212, all information posted in the designated integrity and performance

system on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews required for Federal procurement contracts, will be publicly available. Full reporting requirements and procedures are found in Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75 – Award Term and Conditions for Recipient Integrity and Performance Matters.

Section VII. Agency Contacts

We encourage inquiries concerning this funding opportunity and welcome the opportunity to answer questions from potential applicants.

Application Submission Contacts

eRA Service Desk (Questions regarding ASSIST, eRA Commons, application errors and warnings, documenting system problems that threaten submission by the due date, and post-submission issues)

Finding Help Online: http://grants.nih.gov/support/ (preferred method of contact)

Telephone: 301-402-7469 or 866-504-9552 (Toll Free)

General Grants Information (Questions regarding application instructions, application processes, and NIH grant resources)

Email: <u>GrantsInfo@nih.gov (mailto:GrantsInfo@nih.gov)</u> (preferred method of contact)

Telephone: 301-945-7573

Grants.gov Customer Support (Questions regarding Grants.gov registration and Workspace)

Contact Center Telephone: 800-518-4726

Email: support@grants.gov)

Scientific/Research Contact(s)

Shumin Wang, Ph.D.

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB)

Telephone: 301-594-9001

Email: shumin.wang@nih.gov)

Peer Review Contact(s)

Manana Sukhareva, Ph.D.

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB)

Telephone: 301-451-3397

Email: sukharem@mail.nih.gov (mailto:sukharem@mail.nih.gov)

Financial/Grants Management Contact(s)

Kate Ellis

National Institute of Biomedical Imaging and Bioengineering (NIBIB)

Telephone: 301-451-4791

Email: kellis@mail.nih.gov (mailto:kellis@mail.nih.gov)

Section VIII. Other Information

Recently issued trans-NIH <u>policy notices (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11163)</u> may affect your application submission. A full list of policy notices published by NIH is provided in the <u>NIH Guide for Grants and Contracts (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11164)</u>. All awards are subject to the terms and conditions, cost principles, and other considerations described in the <u>NIH Grants Policy Statement (//grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/url_redirect.htm?id=11120)</u>.

Authority and Regulations

Awards are made under the authorization of Sections 301 and 405 of the Public Health Service Act as amended (42 USC 241 and 284) and under Federal Regulations 42 CFR Part 52 and 45 CFR Part 75.

Weekly TOC for this Announcement (/grants/guide/WeeklyIndex.cfm?06-28-19) NIH Funding Opportunities and Notices (/grants/guide/index.html)





(http://www.hhs.gov/) Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)



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Note: For help accessing PDF, RTF, MS Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Audio or Video files, see Help Downloading Files (/grants/edocs.htm).

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